

## a Saudi Joint Stock Company

Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three and Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

Third Quarter 2013

# Saudi Telecom Company (a Saudi Joint Stock Company) Index to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the Three and Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

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#### LIMITED REVIEW REPORT

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To the shareholders Saudi Telecom Company (a Saudi Joint Stock Company) Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

#### Scope of Review

We have reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated balance sheet of Saudi Telecom Company (a Saudi Joint Stock Company) (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") as of September 30, 2013 and the related interim consolidated statement of income for the three and nine months periods then ended and the interim consolidated statement of cash flows for the nine months period then ended and the accompanying notes which form an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements. These interim consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management and have been prepared and presented to us with all the information and explanations which we requested.

We conducted our limited review in accordance with the interim financial statements review standard issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants. A limited review consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. Such limited review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

### **Review Result**

Based on our limited review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements for them to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting standards in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Deloitte & Touche Bakr Abulkhair & Co.

Bakr A. Abulkhair License No. 101

Dhu Al Hijjah 24, 1434 October 29, 2013

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Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

(a Saudi Joint Stock Company)

Interim Consolidated Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2013 (Unaudited) (Saudi Riyals in thousands)

<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2013</u>	2012 (Restated)
Current assets:		0.42.020	10 110 424
Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments		943,929 15,396,191	10,119,424 364,965
Accounts receivable, net		8,358,925	8,637,908
Prepayments and other current assets		3,548,777	3,635,334
		28,247,822	22,757,631
Assets held for sale	15	3,540,292	
Total current assets		<u>31,788,114</u>	22,757,631
Non-current assets:			
Investments accounted for under equity method and others	3	9,268,575	14,890,573
Investments in sukuk		1,687,500	1,687,500
Property, plant and equipment, net		36,037,129	38,641,483
Intangible assets, net	4	4,585,551	5,134,851
Other non-current assets		954,087	1,071,703
Total non-current assets		<u>52,532,842</u>	61,426,110
Total assets		<u>84,320,956</u>	84,183,741
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable		4,459,252	5,714,922
Other credit balances – current		2,657,553	2,987,461
Accrued expenses		4,568,230	6,069,725
Deferred revenues – current portion	-	1,457,909	1,604,231
Murabahas – current portion	5	1,427,907	1,419,516
Linkiliding diseases wheel to accomplish the second		14,570,851	17,795,855
Liabilities directly related to assets held for sale  Total current liabilities	15	4,073,763	
Total current habilities		18,644,614	17,795,855
Non-current liabilities:	-	<b>5</b> 260 <b>5</b> 20	
Murabahas – non-current portion Provisions for end of service benefits	5	7,268,730	10,136,968
Other credit balances - non-current		3,297,874	2,819,087
		<u>1,222,733</u>	1,825,728
Total non-current liabilities		11,789,337	14,781,783
Total liabilities		<u>30,433,951</u>	32,577,638
Equity			
Shareholders' equity:			
Authorized, issued and outstanding share capital: 2,000,000,000 shares, par value SR 10 per share		20,000,000	20,000,000
Statutory reserve		10,000,000	10,000,000
Retained earnings		26,156,518	23,398,586
Other reserves		(1,040,653)	(805,200)
Financial statements' translation differences		<u>(1,443,781)</u>	(869,675)
Decoming dimently related to accepts hold for sole		53,672,084	51,723,711
Reserve directly related to assets held for sale  Total shareholders' equity		372,846 54,044,930	51,723,711
Non-controlling interests		403,612	(117,608)
Non-controlling interests recognized and directly related to		403,012	(117,000)
assets held for sale		(561,537)	<del>_</del>
Total equity		53,887,005	51,606,103
Total liabilities and equity		84,320,956	84,183,741
rotal navinues and equity		<u>UT,J4U,J3U</u>	07,103,741

The accompanying notes from 1 to 18 form an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

**Saudi Telecom Company** 

(a Saudi Joint Stock Company)

**Interim Consolidated Statement of Income for the Three and Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)** 

(Saudi Riyals in thousands)

	Notes	Three Months ended September 30			ths ended
		<u>Septen</u> 2013	2012	<u>Septen</u> 2013	<u>nber 30</u> 2012
			(Restated)		(Restated)
Revenues from services		11,426,846	11,429,913	34,334,201	33,510,305
Cost of services Gross Profit	6	(4,233,485) 7,193,361	(4,970,623) 6,459,290	(13,912,593) 20,421,608	(14,369,737) 19,140,568
Gross Front		<u>/,193,301</u>	0,439,290	20,421,608	19,140,300
Operating Expenses	_	(4.760.004)	(1.50.055)	(4.20 < 444)	(4.554.104)
Selling and marketing expenses General and administrative expenses	7 8	(1,569,834) (648,425)	(1,762,875) (632,821)	(4,306,444) (2,099,431)	(4,554,124) (2,105,130)
Depreciation and amortization	9	(1,597,708)	(1,593,503)	(4,725,347)	(4,718,551)
Impairment losses relating to investments	10		<u> </u>	(1,103,608)	
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>		(3,815,967)	(3,989,199)	(12,234,830)	(11,377,805)
Operating Income		<u>3,377,394</u>	<u>2,470,091</u>	<u>8,186,778</u>	7,762,763
Other Income and Expenses Cost of early retirement program Losses from investments accounted for		-	(35,797)	-	(312,584)
under equity method		(393,192)	(252,848)	(1,626,950)	(517,125)
Finance costs		(32,764)	(174,663)	(101,593)	(573,308)
Commissions and interest Losses resulted from assets held for sale	15	44,245	29,794	128,698 (597,867)	71,780
Others, net	11	<u>551,677</u>	(39,191)	741,863	539,660
Other income and expenses, net		169,966	(472,705)	(1,455,849)	<u>(791,577)</u>
Net Income before Zakat, Tax and				. <b></b>	
Non-controlling interests		3,547,360	1,997,386	6,730,929	6,971,186
Provision for Zakat and Tax		<u>(56,185)</u>	<u>(88,985)</u>	(168,572)	<u>(191,281)</u>
Net Income before Non-controlling		2 401 175	1 000 401	( 5(2 257	6 770 005
interests Non-controlling interests		3,491,175	1,908,401	6,562,357	6,779,905 
Č		<u>(105,590)</u>	45,394 1,953,795	<u>(197,862)</u>	6,882,523
Net Income		<u>3,385,585</u>	<u>1,933,793</u>	<u>6,364,495</u>	<u>0,882,323</u>
Basic earnings per share on Operating Income (in Saudi Riyals)		<u>1,69</u>	<u>1,24</u>	<u>4,09</u>	<u>3,88</u>
Basic earnings / (losses) per share on		<u> </u>	<del>-,</del>	<u>-3-2-</u>	<u> </u>
income from other operations (Other		Λ ΛΩ	(0.24)	(0.72)	(0.40)
income and expenses) (in Saudi Riyals) Basic earnings per share on net Income		<u>0,08</u>	(0,24)	<u>(0,73)</u>	<u>(0,40)</u>
(in Saudi Riyals)		<u>1,69</u>	<u>0,98</u>	<u>3,18</u>	<u>3,44</u>

The accompanying notes from 1 to 18 form an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

(a Saudi Joint Stock Company)

Interim Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the Nine-Month Period Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

(Saudi Riyals in thousands)

	<u>2013</u>	2012 (Restated)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Income before zakat, tax and non-controlling interests	6,730,929	6,971,186
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided from		
operating activities:		. =
Depreciation and amortization	4,725,347	4,718,551
Impairment losses related to investments	1,103,608	-
Allowance for doubtful debts	1,039,485	1,073,699
Earnings from investments accounted for under the equity method	1,626,950	517,125
Commissions and interest	(128,698)	(71,780)
Finance costs	101,593	573,308
Losses on foreign currency exchange fluctuations	7,091	131,158
End of service benefits  Losses on sale/disposal of property, plant and equipment	447,912	292,876 41,950
Change in:	367,481	41,930
Accounts receivable	(1,724,207)	(2,864,561)
Prepayments and other current assets	(613,258)	(1,317,156)
Other non-current assets	(17,953)	150,533
Accounts payable	619,969	3,069,421
Other credit balances	(90,280)	190,838
Accrued expenses	(1,030,781)	(120,197)
Deferred revenues	(255,537)	70,379
Zakat and tax paid	(20,533)	(148,721)
End of service benefits paid	(23,986)	(134,579)
Net cash provided by operating activities	12,865,132	13,144,030
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditures	(3,434,083)	(3,404,872)
Intangible assets, net	49,403	(212,225)
Investments in equity and other	(41,191)	(1,161,327)
Short-term Investments	(6,725,744)	2,078,995
Proceeds from commissions and interest	118,756	71,780
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	16,583	4,391
Net cash used in investing activities	(10,016,276)	(2,623,258)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Dividends paid	(2,998,840)	(2,996,231)
Murabahas, net	(210,260)	(566,369)
Finance costs paid	(103,863)	(573,308)
Non-controlling interests	<u>(6,011)</u>	51,881
Net cash used in financing activities NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH	$\frac{(3,318,974)}{(470,118)}$	<u>(4,084,027)</u> 6,436,745
EQUIVALENTS  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE	. , ,	•
PERIOD	1,614,361	3,682,679
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD-	1,017,501	3,002,079
ASSETS HELD FOR SALE (Note 15)	(200,314)	_
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	943,929	10,119,424
Non-cash items:		10,117,727
Financial statements' translation differences	(605,641)	604,748
		328,136
Other reserves	(51,054)	270.130

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(a Saudi Joint Stock Company)

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the Three and Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

#### 1 GENERAL

Saudi Telecom Company (the "Company") was established as a Saudi Joint Stock Company pursuant to Royal Decree No. M/35, dated Dhul Hijja 24, 1418H (corresponding to April 21, 1998) which authorized the transfer of the telegraph and telephone division of the Ministry of Post, Telegraph and Telephone ("MoPTT") (hereinafter referred to as "Telecom Division") with its various components and technical and administrative facilities to the Company, and in accordance with the Council of Ministers' Resolution No. 213 dated Dhul Hijja 23, 1418H (corresponding to April 20, 1998) which approved the Company's Articles of Association (the "Articles"). The Company was wholly owned by the Government of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (the "Government"). Pursuant to the Council of Ministers' Resolution No. 171 dated Rajab 2, 1423H (corresponding to September 9, 2002), the Government sold 30% of its shares.

The Company commenced its operation as the provider of telecommunications services throughout the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (the "Kingdom") on Muharram 6, 1419H (corresponding to May 2, 1998), and received its Commercial Registration No. 1010150269 as a Saudi Joint Stock Company on Rabi Awal 4, 1419H (corresponding to June 29, 1998). The Company's head office is located in Riyadh.

The Company has various investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures collectively known for the financial statements' purposes as the "Group". The details of these investments are as follows:

Company's Name	Ownership %	<u>Treatment</u>
Arabian Internet and Communications Services Co. Ltd. (Awal) - Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	100%	Full Consolidation
Telecom Commercial Investment Company Ltd. – Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	100%	Full Consolidation
STC Bahrain (VIVA) (BSCC) – Kingdom of Bahrain	100%	Full Consolidation
Aqalat Limited Company (Establishing, Owning and managing of Real Estate) – Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Intigral Holding Company (BSCC) – Kingdom of Bahrain	100%	Full Consolidation
(Previously: Gulf Digital Media Holding Company)	71%	Full Consolidation
Sale for Distribution and Communication Co. Ltd. – (Sale Co.) Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	60%	Full Consolidation
Kuwait Telecom Company (VIVA) - Kuwait	26%	Full Consolidation
PT Axis Telekom Indonesia - Indonesia Republic	80.10%	Assets held for sale **
Oger Telecom Ltd U.A.E.	35%	Equity Method *
Binariang GSM Holding - Malaysia	25%	Equity Method *
Arab Submarine Cables Company Ltd Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	50%	Equity Method
Arab Satellite Communications Organization ("Arabsat") - Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	36.66%	Equity Method
Call Centers Company - Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	50%	Equity Method
		1 1 (0 0 1 4

<sup>\*</sup>Starting from year 2013, these investments are accounted for using the equity method (See 2-14 and note 3)

<sup>\*\*</sup>Starting from second quarter 2013, this investment is accounted for as assets held for sale (See 2-13 and note 15)

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# Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the Three and Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

The main activities of the Group comprise the provision and introduction of telecommunications, information and media services which include, among other things:

- a- Establish, manage, operate and maintain fixed and mobile telecommunication networks and systems.
- b- Deliver, provide, maintain and manage diverse telecommunication services to customers.
- c- Prepare the required plans and studies to develop, execute and provide telecommunication services from all technical, financial and managerial aspects. In addition, to prepare and execute training plans in the telecommunication field, provide and obtain consulting services which are directly or indirectly related to its business and activities.
- d- Expand and develop telecommunication networks and systems by utilizing the updated modern devices and equipment in telecom technology, especially in the field of providing and managing services.
- e- Provide information, technologies and systems that depend on customers' information including preparing, printing and distributing phone and commercial directories, brochures, information, data and providing the required communication means to transfer (internet) services which do not conflict with the Council of Ministers' Resolution No. 163 dated 23/10/1418H, the general computer services, and any telecommunication activities or services the Company provides whether for media, trade, advertising or any other purposes the Company considers appropriate.
- f- Wholesale, retail, import, export, purchase, own, lease, manufacturing, marketing, selling, develop, design, setup and maintain devices, equipment, and components of different telecommunication networks including fixed, moving and special networks, computer programs and the other intellectual properties, in addition to providing services and contracting works that are related to the different telecom networks.
- g- Invest in the Company's real estate properties and the resulting activities, such as selling, buying, leasing, managing, developing and maintenance.

Also, the Group has the right to establish other companies and to join with other companies, institutions, or other local or foreign, that are engaged in similar activities or completing to its core business or that may assist the Group to achieve its purpose and the Group can acquire the entire of the related company or part of it.

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the accounting standards generally accepted in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants. The interim consolidated financial statements of the Group include the financial statements of the Company, its subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures for the period ended September 30, 2013.

The significant accounting policies used for the preparation of the interim consolidated financial statements mentioned below are in conformity with the accounting policies detailed in the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012, except for the accounting policy relating to investments in joint ventures which is effective from January 1, 2013 (see 2-14), and accounting policy relating to the held for sale assets (see 2-13),

Intra-Group balances and transactions and any unrealized gains arising from intra-group transactions, if material, are eliminated upon preparing the interim consolidated financial statements.

The preparation of the interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with the accounting standards generally accepted in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia requires the use of accounting estimates and assumptions which affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent

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Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the Three and Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period of the interim consolidated financial statements.

### The significant accounting policies are summarized below:

### 2-1 Consolidation basis

#### Subsidiaries

Entities controlled by the Group are classified as subsidiaries. Control is defined as the power to use, or direct the use, of another entity's assets in order to gain economic benefits. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are included in the interim consolidated financial statements of the Group effective from the date control commences until the date it ceases.

### 2-2 Period of the consolidated financial statements

The Group's financial year begins on January 1 and ends on December 31 of each Gregorian year.

### 2-3 Interim results

The results of operations for the interim period may not represent a proper indication of the annual results of operations.

The interim consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of integrated periods, which views each interim financial period as an integral part of the financial year. Accordingly, revenues, gains, expenses and losses for the period are recognized during that period.

### 2-4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, bank balances and all highly liquid investments with maturity of 90 days or less from the acquisition date. Otherwise, they are classified as short-term investments.

#### 2-5 Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at their net realizable value, which represents billings and unbilled usage revenues net of allowances for doubtful debts.

### 2-6 Offsetting of accounts

The Group has agreements with outside network operators and other parties which include periodical offsetting with those parties whereby receivables from and payables to the same operator or other parties are subject to offsetting.

### 2-7 Allowance for doubtful debts

The Group reviews its accounts receivable for the purpose of providing the required allowances against doubtful debts. When creating the allowance, consideration is given to the type of service rendered (mobile, landline, telex, international settlements, etc...), customer category, age of the receivable, and the Group's previous experience in debt collection and the general economic situation.

### 2-8 Inventories

Inventories, which principally comprise cables, spare parts and consumables, are stated at weighted average cost, net of allowances. Inventory items that are considered an integral part of the network assets, such as emergency spares which cannot be removed from the switch, are recorded within property, plant and equipment. Inventory items held by contractor responsible for upgrading and expanding the network are recorded within 'capital work-in-progress'.

The Group creates an allowance for obsolete and slow-moving inventories, based on a study of the usage of the major inventory categories. When such an exercise is impractical, the allowance is based on groups or categories of inventory items, taking into consideration the items which may require significant reduction in their value.

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Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the Three and Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

### 2-9 **Property, plant and equipment and depreciation**

1 Prior to May 2, 1998, the Telecom Division did not maintain sufficiently detailed historical information to record property, plant and equipment based on historical cost. Consequently, all property, plant and equipment transferred by the Telecom Division on May 2, 1998 has been recorded based on the valuation performed by the Company with the assistance of independent international and local valuation experts.

The principal bases used for valuation are as follows:

- Land Appraised value

- Buildings, plants and equipment Depreciated replacement cost

- 2 Except for what is mentioned in paragraph (1) above, property, plant and equipment acquired by the Group are recorded at historical cost.
- Cost of the network comprises all expenditures up to the customer connection point, including contractors' charges, direct materials and labor costs up to the date the relevant assets are placed in service.
- 4 Property, plant and equipment, excluding land, are depreciated on a straight line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Number</u>
	of Years
Buildings	20 - 50
Networks and telecommunication equipment	3 - 25
Other assets	2 - 8

- 5 Repairs and maintenance costs are recognized as incurred, except to the extent that they increase productivity or extend the useful life of an asset, in which case they are capitalized.
- Gains and losses resulting from the disposal / sale of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceed with the book value of the disposed-off / sold assets, and the gains or losses are included in the interim consolidated statement of income.
- Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Group transfers substantially all benefits and risks of ownership are classified as capital leases. Capital leases are capitalized at the inception of the lease at the lower of the fair value or the present value of the minimum lease payments. Each lease payment is to be allocated between the finance charge which is expensed in the current period and the reduction in the liability under the capital lease.
- 8 Assets leased under capital leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives.
- Assets under concession agreements (if any) are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the contract duration whichever is the shorter.

#### 2-10 Computer software costs

- Costs of operating systems and application software purchased from the vendor are capitalized
  if they meet the capitalization criteria, which include productivity enhancement or a noticeable
  increase in the useful life of the asset. These costs are amortized over the estimated period for
  which the benefits will be received.
- 2) Internally developed operating systems software costs are capitalized if they meet the capitalization criteria, which include the dedication of a defined internal work group to develop

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Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the Three and Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

the software and the ability to readily identify related costs. These costs are amortized over the estimated period for which the benefits will be received.

- 3) Internally developed application software costs are recognized as expenses when incurred. When the costs of operating systems software cannot be identified separately from the associated hardware costs, the operating systems software costs are recorded as part of the hardware.
- 4) Subsequent additions, modifications or upgrades of software programs, whether operating or application packages, are expensed as incurred.
- 5) Computer software training and data-conversion costs are expensed as incurred.

### 2-11 <u>Intangible assets</u>

#### Goodwill

- Goodwill arises upon the acquisition of a stake in subsidiaries. It represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the Group's share in the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary at the date of purchase. When this difference is negative, it is immediately recognized as a gain in the interim consolidated statement of income in the period in which the acquisition occurred.
- Goodwill is recorded at cost and is reduced by any impairment losses (if any).

### Spectrum rights and licenses to provide various telecommunication services

These intangible assets are recorded upon acquisition at cost and are amortized starting from the date of service on a straight line basis over their useful lives or statutory duration, whichever is shorter.

#### 2-12 Impairment in value of non-current assets

The Group reviews periodically non-current assets to determine whether there are indications that they may be impaired. When such indications are present, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated. If the recoverable amount of the asset cannot be determined individually, then the cash generating unit to which the asset relates is used instead. The excess of the carrying amount of the asset over its recoverable amount is treated as impairment in its value to be recognized in the interim consolidated statement of income of the financial period in which it occurs. When it becomes evident that the circumstances which resulted in the impairment no longer exist, the impairment amount (except for goodwill) is reversed and recorded as income in the interim consolidated statement of income of the financial period in which such reversal is determined, which does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in previous financial periods.

#### 2-13 Assets held for sale

Assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured by the carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell, whichever is less. Assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if it was possible to recover its carrying value through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This case is suitable only when considering high possibility of selling; and disposal group is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must commit to sell, which is expected to be considered a final selling within one year from the date of classification.

When the Group is committed to a plan of sale involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all assets and liabilities of this subsidiary must be classified as held for sale when meeting the standards listed above, regardless of whether the Group will retain a non-controlling interest share in its previous subsidiary after the sale.

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Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the Three and Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

Assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of its previous carrying value or fair value less costs of sale.

### 2-14 Investments

### Investments accounted for under the equity method

### a- Investments in joint ventures

A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity which is subject to joint control that is when the strategic financial and operating policy decisions relating to the activities of the joint venture require the unanimous consent of all the parties sharing control.

Contractual arrangements that involve a separate entity in which each venture has an interest are referred to as jointly controlled entities.

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of the Group's interest in a jointly controlled venture is accounted for as a portion of that investment under the equity method.

The Group used to account for and consolidate its investments in joint ventures in the consolidated financial statements using the proportionate consolidation method according to IAS 31, which is not covered under the standards issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants.

The International Accounting Standards Board issued IFRS 11 on May 12, 2011 as a replacement of IAS 31, which cancelled the application of the proportionate consolidation method and replaced it with the equity method of accounting instead starting from January 1, 2013, Accordingly, the Group, starting from year 2013, has accounted for investments in joints ventures by using the equity method, retroactively, as per the accounting standard No. 16 (accounting for investment under equity method) issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants.

### b- Investments in associates

Associates are those corporations or other entities on which the Group exercises significant influence, but which it does not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policies of the associates but not the power to exercise control over those policies.

The Group accounts for investments in entities in which it has a significant influence under the equity method. Under the equity method, the Group records the investment on acquisition at cost, which is adjusted subsequently by the Group's share in the net income (loss) of the investees, the investees' distributed dividends and any changes in the investee's equity, to reflect the Group's share in the investee's net assets. These investments are reflected in the interim consolidated balance sheet as non-current assets, and the Group's share in the net income (loss) of the investees is presented in the interim consolidated statement of income.

#### Other investments

Available for sale marketable securities that do not lead to control or significant influence are carried at fair value, which is based on market value when available. However, if fair value cannot be determined for available for sale securities, due to non-availability of an active exchange market or other indexes through which market value can reasonably be determined, its cost will be considered as the alternative fair value. Unrealized gains and losses are shown as a separate component within equity in the interim consolidated balance sheet. Losses resulting from permanent decline in fair value below cost are recorded in the interim consolidated statement of income in the period in which the declines occur.

Gains and losses resulting from sale of available for sale securities are recorded in the period of sale, and previously recorded unrealized gains and losses are reversed in the interim consolidated statement of income.

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Investment held to maturity are recorded at cost and adjusted for amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts, if any. Losses resulting from permanent decline in fair value below costs are recorded in the interim consolidated statement of income in the period in which the decline occurs.

### **2-15 Zakat**

The Group calculates and records the zakat provision based on the zakat base in its interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with Zakat rules and principles in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Adjustments arising from final zakat assessment are recorded in the period in which such assessments are approved by the Department of Zakat and Income Tax.

#### **2-16 Taxes**

Taxes relating to entities invested in outside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia are calculated in accordance with tax laws applicable in those countries.

#### **Deferred taxes**

Deferred tax assets of foreign entities are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences of the foreign entity can be utilized. This involves judgement regarding the future financial performance of the particular entity in which the deferred tax assets have been recognised.

### 2-17 End of service benefits

The provision for employees' end of service benefits represents amounts due and payable to the employees upon the termination of their contracts, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the laws applicable in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and the countries invested in.

### 2-18 Foreign currency transactions

### **Functional and presentation currency**

Items included in the interim consolidated financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). These interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Saudi Riyals.

### **Transactions and balances**

Balances of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies of specific amounts are translated using rates of exchange prevailing at the interim consolidated balance sheet date.

Gains and losses arising on the settlement of foreign currency transactions, and unrealized gains and losses resulting from the translation to Saudi Riyals of foreign currency denominated monetary balances are recorded in the interim consolidated statement of income.

### **Entities of the Group (translation of financial statements)**

The results and financial position of all Group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- Items of shareholders' equity (except for retained earnings) are translated at the rate prevailing on the acquisition date.
- Assets and liabilities are translated using the exchange rate prevailing at the interim balance sheet date.
- Retained earnings are translated as follows: retained earnings translated at the end of last year plus
  interim net income for the interim period as per the translated interim consolidated statement of
  income less declared dividends within the period translated at the rate prevailing on the date of
  declaration.

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Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the Three and Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

- Interim consolidated statement of income items are translated using the weighted average rate for the period. Material gains and losses are translated at the rate prevailing on the date of their occurrence.
- All resulting exchange differences, if material, are recognised as a separate component of shareholders' equity.

When those entities are partially sold or disposed of, exchange differences that were recorded in shareholders' equity are recognized in the interim consolidated statement of income as part of the gains or losses on sale.

### 2-19 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation which may arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group, or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. If the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability, then the Group does not recognize the contingent liability but discloses it in the interim consolidated financial statements.

### 2-20 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized, net of discounts, when services are rendered based on the access to, or usage of, the switches' network and facilities. Usage revenues are based upon fractions of traffic minutes processed, applying approved rates.

- Charges billed in advance are deferred and recognized over the period in which the services are rendered.
- Unbilled service revenues are recognized in the period to which it relates.
- Service revenue is recognized upon collection when collectability is highly uncertain.

### 2-21 Cost of services

Cost of services represents all costs incurred by the Group on rendering of services which are directly related to revenues generated from the use of the network, and are recognized in the periods of relevant calls, including:-

- Government charges are the costs incurred by the Group for the right to provide the telecommunications services in the Kingdom and the investees countries, including the use of the frequency spectrum.
- Access charges represent the costs to connect to foreign and domestic carriers' networks related to telecommunications services for the Group's clients.

#### 2-22 Selling and marketing expenses

Selling and marketing expenses represent all costs incurred by the Group, which are directly related to the marketing, distribution and sale of services. They are expensed as incurred when it is not possible to determine the relevant benefiting periods. Otherwise, they are charged to the relevant periods.

#### 2-23 General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses represent all the operating expenses incurred by the Group that cannot be directly linked to the costs of services or selling and marketing expenses. They are expensed as incurred when it is not possible to determine the relevant benefiting periods. Otherwise, they are charged to the relevant periods.

### 2-24 Earnings per share

Earnings per share are calculated by dividing operating income and other operations (other income and expenses) before eliminating non-controlling interests, and net income for the financial period, by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period.

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#### 2-25 Financial derivatives

The Group uses derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risk, including forward currency contracts and interest rate swaps. Derivatives are initially measured at fair value at the date the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value at the date of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in the interim consolidated statement of income immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in the interim consolidated statement of income depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

The Group designates certain derivatives as either hedges of the fair value of recognized assets and liabilities or an unrecognized commitment except for foreign currency risk (fair value hedge), hedges of variability in cash flows that are either attributable to a particular risk associated with a designated asset or liability or the foreign currency risk in an unrecognized firm commitment (cash flow hedge).

Changes in fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognized in the interim consolidated statement of income, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged assets or liabilities. In the case of cash flow hedges, the effective portion of changes in fair value of the derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognized in equity. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in the interim consolidated statement of income.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the Group either revokes the hedge relationship, the hedging instrument is sold, terminated, or exercised, or it no longer meets the requirements of hedge accounting. Any gain/loss accumulated remains in the shareholder's equity and is recognized in the interim consolidated statement of income when the transaction is no longer expected to occur.

### 2-26 Related parties

During the ordinary course of business, the Group deals with related parties, all material transactions with related parties are disclosed regardless of the presence or absence of balances from those transactions by the end of the financial period. Transactions of the same nature are grouped, together into a single disclosure, with the exception of separate disclosures for transactions, which are necessary to understand the impact of the related party transactions on the financial data of the Group.

### 3 INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR UNDER EQUITY METHOD AND OTHER

Investments accounted for under equity method and other are comprised of the following:

(Thousands of Saudi Riyals)	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
	<u> </u>	(Restated)
Investments accounted for under equity method:		
Associates	1,500,172	1,422,491
Joint Ventures	7,691,668	13,423,587
Total investments accounted for under equity method	9,191,840	14,846,078
Other investments	<u>76,735</u>	44,495
	9.268.575	14,890,573

### 4 INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

Intangible assets include Goodwill arising from the acquisition of the majority share of PT Axis in addition to the intangible assets recorded in those companies and which have been consolidated.

The companies invested in, which resulted in intangible assets, are:

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Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the Three and Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

### PT Axis Telecom Indonesia – Indonesia Republic – (formerly known as NTS)

PT Axis Telecom obtained the license to operate a third generation mobile network in Indonesia and it commenced the commercial provisioning of this service in the first quarter of year 2008 in the Indonesian market. Saudi Telecom Company acquired 51% of its IDR 7.8 trillion share capital in September 2007, equivalent to approximately SR 3.2 billion at the exchange rate prevailing on that date. On April 6, 2011, the Company increased its share by 29.10% to 80.10%. Accordingly, the investment was reclassified as investment in subsidiaries instead of investment in joint ventures and the fair value of the net assets in April 6, 2011 were used for the calculation of goodwill arising from the Company's acquisition of an additional 29.10% of PT Axis Telecom based on the fair value reports completed in the end of the fourth quarter of year 2011. As a result, the amounts recorded as goodwill were accordingly reallocated. Group has reclassified its investment in PT Axis Telekom as assets held-for-sale as of June 30, 2013. (See note 15)

### Kuwait Telecom Company (VIVA) (KSCC) - Kuwait

In December 2007, Saudi Telecom Company acquired 26% of the KD 50 million share capital of Kuwait Telecom Company, equivalent to approximately SR 687 million at the exchange rate prevailing that date. This company operates in the field of mobile services in the Kuwaiti market, and commenced commercial operations on December 4, 2008.

Saudi Telecom Group manages Kuwait Telecom Company (VIVA) and treats its investment in it by using the full consolidation method due to its control over the financial and operating policies as the Group's representation on the board of the Kuwaiti Telecom Company constitutes a majority of the members.

### STC Bahrain (VIVA) (BSCC) - Kingdom of Bahrain

STC Bahrain (VIVA) (BSCC) was established in the Kingdom of Bahrain in February 2009, and Saudi Telecom Company owns 100% of its BHD 75 million share capital, equivalent to SR 746 million at the exchange rate prevailing at that date. This company operates in the field of mobile services, international telecommunications, broadband and other related services in the Bahraini market, and commenced commercial operations on March 3, 2010.

Net intangible assets consist of the following as at September 30:

(Thousands of Saudi Riyals)	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u> (Restated)
Licenses Goodwill arising on the acquisition of 80.10% in PT Axis Telekom	4,077,069	4,528,699
(See note 15)	-	405,208
Others	508,482	200,944
	<u>4,585,551</u>	<u>5,134,851</u>

### 5 MURABAHAS

Murabahas consist of:

(Thousands of Saudi Riyals)	<u>2013</u>	2012 (Restated)
Current portion Non-current portion	1,427,907 <u>7,268,730</u>	1,419,516 10,136,968
	<u>8,696,637</u>	11,556,484

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The non-current portion of murabaha facilities includes murabaha financing obtained by one of the subsidiaries (STC Bahrain) amounting to SR 1,158 million is secured against that subsidiary's fixed assets.

### 6 COST OF SERVICES

Cost of services consists of the following:

	<b>Three Months ended</b>		Nine-Months ended	
	September 30,		<b>Septemb</b>	<u>er 30,</u>
(Thousands of Saudi Riyals)	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
		(Restated)		(Restated)
Access charges	1,746,769	2,136,716	5,616,699	5,883,095
Government charges (*)	1,070,166	1,164,885	3,184,011	3,468,096
Repair and maintenance	442,500	542,217	1,548,479	1,538,650
Employees' costs	344,188	407,801	1,355,191	1,437,094
Rent of equipment, property and vehicles	100,230	174,970	409,630	459,322
Printing of telephone cards and stationary	7,577	78,424	33,802	201,165
Premises expenses	59,965	61,686	180,068	182,407
Others	462,090	403,924	1,584,713	1,199,908
	<u>4,233,485</u>	<u>4,970,623</u>	<u>13,912,593</u>	14,369,737

<sup>&</sup>quot;Others" comprises various items, the main ones being: consultancy fees, telecommunication, postage, linking, and security and safety expenses.

(\*) The details of government charges are as follows:

	Three Months ended September 30,		Nine-Months ended September 30,	
(Thousands of Saudi Riyals)	<u>2013</u>	2012 (Restated)	<u>2013</u>	2012 (Restated)
Commercial service provisioning License fees Frequency Spectrum fees	893,877 68,143 <u>108,146</u> <u>1,070,166</u>	868,493 70,115 226,277 1,164,885	2,654,009 209,903 320,099 3,184,011	2,685,132 214,760 568,204 3,468,096
(Thousands of Saudi Riyals)	Three Month September 2013		Nine-Month September 2013	
The Company Other Group companies	958,547 111,619 1,070,166	1,033,128 131,757 1,164,885	2,957,804 <u>226,207</u> <u>3,184,011</u>	3,079,011 <u>389,085</u> <u>3,468,096</u>

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### 7 SELLING AND MARKETING EXPENSES

Selling and marketing expenses consist of the following:

	<b>Three Months ended</b>		Nine-Months ended	
	<b>Septemb</b>	<u>er 30,</u>	September 30,	
(Thousands of Saudi Riyals)	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
		(Restated)		(Restated)
Advertising and publicity	233,515	258,922	597,341	885,242
Sales commission	124,224	224,449	312,931	333,455
Employees' costs	512,307	481,426	1,643,617	1,619,024
Doubtful debts expense	486,318	569,978	1,039,485	1,073,699
Printing of telephone cards and stationery	25,342	44,726	143,395	139,837
Repair and maintenance	74,208	41,133	223,608	110,549
Others	113,920	142,241	346,067	392,318
	<u>1,569,834</u>	1,762,875	<u>4,306,444</u>	4,554,124

<sup>&</sup>quot;Others" comprises various items, the main ones being: rent of equipment, property, motor vehicles, telecommunication, postage, courier, security and safety, and consultancy fees.

### **8 GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES**

General and administrative expenses consist of the following:

-	Three Months ende September 30,		Nine-Mont Septemb	_
(Thousands of Saudi Riyals)	<u>2013</u>	2012	<u>2013</u>	2012
		(Restated)		(Restated)
Employees' costs	335,768	312,408	1,073,617	1,028,074
Repair and maintenance	69,345	77,946	212,954	252,974
Rent of equipment, property and vehicles	73,624	88,107	222,682	261,506
Consultancy & legal and professional fees	39,618	45,641	169,670	148,836
Premises expenses	18,472	20,126	51,767	65,085
Others	<u>111,598</u>	88,593	<u>368,741</u>	348,655
	648,425	632,821	2,099,431	2,105,130

<sup>&</sup>quot;Others" comprises various items, the main ones being: insurance premiums, stationery, freight, handling, postage, courier expenses, safety and security expenses.

### 9 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION

Depreciation and amortization consist of the following:

	Three Mont	ths ended	Nine-Mont	ths ended
	<b>Septemb</b>	September 30,		
(Thousands of Saudi Riyals)	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
		(Restated)		(Restated)
Depreciation	1,458,426	1,477,395	4,393,485	4,358,460
Amortization	139,282	116,108	331,862	360,091
	1,597,708	1,593,503	4,725,347	<u>4,718,551</u>

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#### 10 IMPAIRMENT LOSSES RELATED TO INVESTMENTS

During the second quarter 2013, The Group classified its investment in PT Axis Telekom as assets held-for-sale, accordingly, the group re-measured the net assets related to the investment at fair value and recognized a realized loss of SR 604 million. Therefore, the balance of the Group's investment in that company is zero as at September 30, 2013. (See note 15)

BGSM Holding had a material wholly owned subsidiary (Aircel) in India. As at September 30, 2013, this subsidiary had accumulated losses of SR 17,414 million which exceeded its Share Capital by SR 9,074 million and its current liabilities exceeded its current assets by SR 9,005 million as at that date, as a result, the deficit in the shareholders' equity amounted to SR 7,885 million. Noting that Saudi Telecom Company Group owns 25% of Aircel through its ownership BGSM Holding.

The above mentioned subsidiary's going concern assumption relies heavily on the realization of its long range plan which is yet to be approved by the subsidiary's board of directors which is pending the finalization of the plan for the required funding.

Based on the above, and in the absence of an approved Long Range Plan and a clear visibility of the funding requirements for the subsidiary, Saudi Telecom Company management decided to book an impairment provision on investments (Goodwill) of SR 500 million as at March 31, 2013. The Saudi Telecom Company will assess in the future any need for additional impairment provisions, if any.

### 11 OTHERS INCOME AND EXPENSES - OTHERS, NET

This item consists of the following:

	<b>Three Mont</b>	hs ended	Nine-Mon	ths ended
	<u>Septemb</u>	<u>er 30,</u>	Septem	<u>ıber 30, </u>
(Thousands of Saudi Riyals)	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
		(Restated)		(Restated)
Miscellaneous revenues	556,168	(361,956)	1,375,007	782,504
Gains/(losses) foreign currency exchange	10,965	(37,557)	(7,091)	(131,158)
Losses on sale / disposal of properties, plant				
and equipment	(39,288)	(33,578)	(367,481)	(41,950)
Miscellaneous expenses	23,832	<u>393,900</u>	(258,572)	(69,736)
	<u>551,677</u>	(39,191)	<u>741,863</u>	539,660

The miscellaneous income for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 includes an amount of SR 324 million as reverse for international settlements provision and also an amount of SR 216 million as accruing revenue from the projects resulting from the Universal Service Fund related to Authority of Communications and Information Technology.

During the first quarter of 2013, the Company disposed fixed assets with a net book value of SR 277 million which resulted from the fixed assets verification project which was implemented.

#### 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **Commitments**

(a) The Group enters into commitments during the ordinary course of business for major capital expenditures, primarily in connection with its network expansion programs. Outstanding capital expenditure commitments amounted to SR 3,839 million as of September 30, 2013 (September 30, 2012: SR 4,037 million).

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- (b) Certain lands and buildings, for use in the Group's operations, are leased under operating lease commitments expiring at various future dates. During the third quarter and the nine-months period ended September 30, 2013, total rent expense under operating leases amounted to SR 57 million and SR 555 million respectively (third quarter and the nine-months period ended September 30, 2012: SR 238 million and SR 618 million respectively).
- (c) Saudi Telecom Company has investment in Venture Capital Fund which is specialized in investing in emerging, small and medium-sized companies working in the fields of Communications and Information Technology in the Saudi market and other global markets, includes that the company should commit an increment in its investment in the fund amounted to SR 94 million upon the request by the fund manager during 3 years starting from its establishment, noting that the fund has been launched in year 2011.

### **Contingencies**

The Company, in the ordinary course of business, is subject to proceedings, lawsuits and other claims. However, these matters are not expected to have a material impact neither on the Company's financial position or on the results of its operations as reflected in these interim consolidated financial statements.

- The Group has outstanding letters of guarantee amounting to SR 731 million as of 30 September, 2013.
- On December 28, 2012, Telecom Authority in India has issued an order to Aircel Group Indian group (one of the subsidiaries of Binariang group) to pay an extra spectrum fees related to three regions. The Group's share of the fees amounted to SR 231 million. Aircel Company has appealed in the Indian Supreme Court.

#### 13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### Fair value

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The carrying amounts for all financial instruments do not differ materially from their fair values as at September 30, 2013 and 2012 which are as follows:

- Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, payables and other debit and credit balances fair value is considered approximate to their recorded amounts, due to their short term nature.
- Fair value of shares in active markets relies on fair market values.
- Fair value of government bonds and loans relies on discounted cash flows.

Management does not believe that the fair value of the Group's financial assets and liabilities differ materially from their carrying values.

#### **Commission rate risk**

Commission rate risk comprises various risks related to the effect of changes in commission rates on the Group's financial position and cash flows. The Group manages its cash flows by controlling the timing between cash inflows and outflows. Surplus cash is invested to increase the Group's commission income through holding balances in short-term and long-term bank deposits and murabahas, but the related commission rate risk is not considered to be significant.

#### **Currency risk**

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Management monitors fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and enters into hedging agreements where possible to reduce the currency risk; the official currency of the Group is the

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Saudi Riyal, the base currency dealing by the Group and its price is currently fixed with a minor margin against the U.S. dollar.

### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that other parties will fail to discharge their obligations and cause the Group to incur a financial loss. Financial instruments that subject the Group to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash balances and accounts receivable. The Group deposits its cash balances with a number of major high credit-rated financial institutions and has a policy of limiting its balances deposited with each institution. The Group does not believe that there is a significant risk of non-performance by these financial institutions. The Group does not consider itself exposed to a concentration of credit risk with respect to accounts receivable due to its diverse customer base (residential, professional, large business and public entities) operating in various industries and located in many regions.

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity is managed by periodically ensuring its availability in amounts sufficient to meet any future commitments when they become due. The Group does not consider itself exposed to significant risks in relation to liquidity.

### 14 SEGMENT INFORMATION

### - According to the main activities of the Group

The Group has identified its operating segments by the type of service provided by the Group and transactions between operating segments occur in accordance with the normal trade provisions and terms. There are no other substantial revenues or expenses between segments.

The main operating segments of the Group comprise:

- GSM, for which the main services are: mobile, third and fourth generation services, prepaid cards, international roaming and messages.
- PSTN, for which the main services are: fixed line, card telephones, interconnect and international calls.
- DATA, for which the main services are: leased data transmission circuits, DSL and internet.
- Un-allocated, containing items which could not be linked with the main operating segments of the Group.

## The following table shows the information according to the Group's main activities for the Nine months period ended September 30, 2013:

(T) 1 0C 11D1 1)				<b>Un-allocated</b>	
(Thousands of Saudi Riyals)	<u>GSM</u>	<b>PSTN</b>	<b>DATA</b>	/adjusted	<b>TOTAL</b>
Revenue from services	21,923,059	3,556,314	9,174,560	(319,732)	34,334,201
Interconnect revenues	1,281,723	8,018,374	824,998	-	10,125,095
Interconnect expenses	<u>(4,834,892)</u>	(1,563,866)	(3,726,337)		(10,125,095)
Net revenue from services	<u>18,369,890</u>	10,010,822	6,273,221	<u>(319,732)</u>	<u>34,334,201</u>
Depreciation and					
amortization	2,485,330	1,627,651	471,252	141,114	4,725,347
Net income	2,703,651	619,719	4,327,886	(1,286,761)	6,364,495
Total assets	24,469,376	20,753,839	7,552,701	31,545,040	84,320,956
Total liabilities	18,626,519	5,792,772	2,532,365	3,482,295	30,433,951

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Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the Three and Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

## The following table shows the information according to the Group's activities for the Nine months period ended September 30, 2012 (Restated) was as follows:

(Thousands of Saudi Riyals)	<u>GSM</u>	<u>PSTN</u>	<u>DATA</u>	<u>Un-allocated</u> / adjusted	<b>TOTAL</b>
Revenue from services	22,103,664	4,083,771	7,879,032	(556,162)	33,510,305
Interconnect revenues	1,442,851	6,567,999	651,824	-	8,662,674
Interconnect expenses	(4,040,188)	(1,653,306)	(2,969,180)		(8,662,674)
Net revenue from services	<u>19,506,327</u>	<u>8,998,464</u>	<u>5,561,676</u>	(556,162)	<u>33,510,305</u>
Depreciation and amortization	2,317,766	1,801,969	427,156	171,660	4,718,551
Net income	3,537,696	221,290	3,459,399	(335,862)	6,882,523
Total assets	29,989,817	22,993,944	10,701,372	20,498,608	84,183,741
Total liabilities	17,488,720	6,642,944	2,599,783	5,846,191	32,577,638

### - According to Group operations

The Group has divided its operations into domestic and international operations.

The following table shows the segmental information according to Group operations during the nine months ended September 30:

20	1	2
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(Thousands of Saudi Riyals)	Domestic Operations		<u>Internatio</u>	onal Operations
	<u>KSA</u>	STC-Bahrain	Intigral holding	Kuwait Telecom
Operating revenues	31,687,167	747,262	<u>company</u> 263,246	<u>Company</u> 1,636,526
Total assets (*)	94,196,263	2,541,508	410,852	2,312,814

<sup>\*</sup>The financial statements consolidation adjustments relating to the assets amounted to SR (15,140,481) thousand.

#### 2012 (Restated)

(Thousands of Saudi Riyals)	Domestic Operations		<u>Internatio</u>	onal Operations	
	<u>KSA</u>	STC-Bahrain	Intigral holding company	Kuwait Telecom Company	PT Axis Telecom
Operating revenues	30,698,468	580,041	287,891	1,256,323	687,582
Total assets (*)	86,776,491	2,468,696	479,053	1,735,731	3,637,310

<sup>\*</sup>The financial statements consolidation adjustments relating to the assets amounted to SR (10,913,540) thousand.

As a result from the adoption of the investment accounting standard according to equity method, the above numbers do not include the data for the following companies:

	<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>	
(Thousands of Saudi Riyals)	<u>OTL</u>	<b>BGSM</b>	<u>OTL</u>	<b>BGSM</b>
	F 953 354	2 070 127	7 776 200	2 002 426
Operating revenues	7,852,354	3,078,127	7,776,380	3,092,436
Total Assets	20,497,612	20,829,114	22,451,675	20,885,038

(a Saudi Joint Stock Company)

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the Three and Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

### 15 ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

The Group has reclassified its investment in PT Axis Telekom as assets held-for-sale as of June 30, 2013. According to this classification, the group re-measured the net assets related to the investment at fair value and recognized a realized loss of SR 705 million as follows:

Impairment loss of investment	SR 604 million
Accrued expenses resulted from the reclassification	SR 101 million
Total losses (*)	SR 705 million

### The main categories of the investment's assets and liabilities are as follows:

### (Thousands of Saudi Riyals)

(Thousands of Saudi Riyais)	
Assets Held for Sale	
Property, plant and equipment, net	2,492,652
Intangible assets, net	181,570
Prepayments and other current assets	507,144
Cash and cash equivalents	200,314
Other	158,612
	3,540,292
Liabilities directly related to the assets held for sale	
Murabahas	2,464,746
Accrued expenses	759,431
Accounts payable	444,484
Others	405,102
	4,073,763
Operating losses resulting from assets held for sale	
Revenue from service	548,382
Cost of services	(767,709)
Total Losses	(219,327)
Operating expenses	(381,673)
Operating income	(601,000)
Other revenues and expenses and tax provision	(120,603)
Non-controlling interest	123,736
Net Losses	<u>(597,867)</u>

(a Saudi Joint Stock Company)

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the Three and Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

Cash flows from losses resulted from assets held for sale as follows:	
Net cash provided by operating activities	(227,856)
Net cash used in investing activities	(67,198)
Net cash used in financing activities	223,757
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(71,297)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	271,611 200,314

<sup>\*</sup>The Group will calculate the final impact of the above items at the sale of the investment.

On September 26,2013, the Group signed an agreement to sell its entire share in PT Axis Telecom (80.10% directly, and 3.725 % indirectly) to XL company, one of the major telecom operators in the telecommunications market in Indonesia at USD 865 million, equivalent to approximately SR 3,243 million against 100% of the company's shares, excluding liabilities and cash from the price. In addition the Group signed a settlement agreement favorable to both parties with Axis's main lenders and other creditors. The sales proceeds will be used to repay Axis's main lenders and other creditors for their debts.

Therefore, the fair value of the company's liabilities arising from the sale process have been recalculated as at September 30, 2013, and resulted in reversing an amount of SR 101 million from previously estimated liabilities at June 30, 2013. An approval from the regulatory authorities in Indonesia and the shareholders of XL Company at a meeting of the Extraordinary General Assembly is required in order to complete the sales process above.

### 16 CHANGE FROM THE PROPORTIONATE CONSOLIDATION TO EQUITY METHOD

The Group used to account for and consolidate its investments in joint ventures in the consolidated financial statements using the proportionate consolidation method according to IAS 31, which is not covered under the standards issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants.

The International Accounting Standards Board issued IFRS 11 on May 12, 2011 to replace IAS 31, which cancelled the application of the proportionate consolidation method and replaced it with the equity method of accounting instead starting from January 1, 2013. Accordingly, the Group, starting from year 2013, has accounted for investments in joints ventures by using the equity method, retroactively, as per the accounting standard No. 16 (accounting for investment under equity method) issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants.

The following table demonstrates comparison of significant items of balance sheet and income statement post and pro adoption of the equity method:

(a Saudi Joint Stock Company)

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the Three and Nine-Month Periods Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

### Nine-month periods ended September 30, 2012

(Millions of Saudi Riyals)	Post -Equity Method (Unaudited)	Pre - Equity Method (Unaudited)
Revenue from services	33,510	44,379
Gross profit	19,141	25,453
Net income	6,883	6,883
Total assets	84,184	119,620
Total liabilities	32,578	60,480
Total Murabahas	11,556	31,413
Shareholders' equity	51,724	51,724

### 17 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Board of Directors, in its meeting held on Dhul-Hijjah 24, 1434H (corresponding to October 29, 2013), approved the interim consolidated financial statements for the third quarter of 2013 and proposed interim dividends for the third quarter of 2013 amounting to SR 1,000 million, at the rate of SR 0.50 per share.

#### 18 RECLASSIFICATION

Starting from 2013, The Group accounted for its joint venture investments by using the equity method instead of the proportionate consolidated; accordingly the comparative figures for the third quarter of 2012 (comparative figures) have been restated to conform to the classifications used for the period ended September 30, 2013, with no impact on the net income or shareholders.